

# **ES Journal of Neurology**

# **Medication Assisted Treatment Protocol**

#### **Mini Review**

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#### **Abstract**

This article describes a protocol to be able to utilize medication assisted treatment options for patients dependent on opioids. The first step is using a 15-day Klonopin taper for effect detox of acute opioid withdrawal. Once detoxed, the patient can be started on low dose methadone or low dose Buprenorphine. Titration above 40 mg of Methadone, or 8 mg of buprenorphine will usually not be needed. Buprenorphine is utilized as the mono product, Subutex. Avoiding Suboxone eliminates the risk of reemergence of acute opioid withdrawal symptoms.

A description of how to transition to Naltrexone is provided. There are some differences between Methadone and Buprenorphine in the transition to Naltrexone. Once the patient is transitioned to Naltrexone, the stage is set for the patient to be able to get off medication assisted treatment.

#### Introduction

This article describes a protocol to utilize medication assisted treatment options for patients dependent on opioids. The protocol is designed to provide the patients an ability to smoothly transition from one medication to another.

The ultimate goal is to provide patients the ability to eventually come off of medication assisted treatments entirely. The key factor is the implementation of an effective detox for acute opioid withdrawal.

## **Methadone Maintenance**

Use of Methadone for opioid maintenance is currently allowed only in federally licensed clinics. The well-established protocols, utilized in Methadone clinics, start the transition to Methadone only when the patient exhibits signs of acute withdrawal. This requires a need to quickly titrate the Methadone dose upwards. The recommended first day dose of Methadone is 30 mg or less. Typically, the maintenance doses utilizing this strategy are at least 60 mgs and range as high as doses well above 100 mgs.

However, if Methadone clinics were to provide an effective detox for acute withdrawal, much lower maintenance doses could be utilized. Under these conditions, the starting dose of Methadone can be 10 mg or less. A slow gradual taper lasting one to four weeks can be utilized to reach a maintenance dose. Typically, the maintenance dose will be 40 mgs or less.

Usually, prescribers will not be able to use Methadone for maintenance as their patients will not be in a federally licensed Methadone clinic. Providing effective detox for acute opioid withdrawal allows the use of much lower maintenance doses of Methadone.

#### **Buprenorphine Maintenance**

Advantages:

Partial mu opioid agonist.

Prescribers with waivers can utilize Buprenorphine for maintenance.

Recommended Protocol:

- 1<sup>st</sup> Step Treat acute opioid withdrawal using a 15-day Klonopin taper.
- $2^{nd}$  Step Once detox is completed start 2 mg Buprenorphine daily.
- 3<sup>rd</sup> Step Increase once a week the Buprenorphine dose by 2 mgs, for up to four weeks.
- Typical maintenance dose: Maximum of 8 mg per day Buprenorphine dose.

# **Klonopin Detox Protocol**

Klonopin 0.5 mg po three times daily for 5 days, then decreases to, Klonopin 0.5 mg twice a day for 5 days, then decrease to Klonopin 0.5 mg once a day for 5 days, then stop. Consider using Klonopin 1 mg 15-day taper for anticipated severe withdrawal such as:

- History of several pervious withdrawal episodes requiring detox.
- · History of withdrawal seizures or delirium.
- Patients over the age of 40 with current acute medical conditions such as pneumonia, acute pancreatitis, cancer, and delirium.

- History of recently using high doses of Xanax, IV opiate, or IV methamphetamines.
- Klonopin 1 mg 15 day 30 pills, Klonopin 1 mg three times daily for 5 days, then decrease Klonopin to 1 mg bid for 5 days, then decrease to Klonopin 1 mg daily for 5 days.

### **Summary**

- 1<sup>st</sup> Step Provide effective detox for acute opioid withdrawal-15-day Klonopin taper.
- 2<sup>nd</sup> Step Start Buprenorphine 2 mg daily.
- 3<sup>rd</sup> Step Titrate Buprenorphine dose upward once weekly by 2 mgs per day for one to four weeks.
- $4^{\text{th}}$  Step Utilize maintenance dose of Buprenorphine of 8 mgs per day or less.
- 5<sup>th</sup> Step When the patient is ready transition to Naltrexone.
- 6<sup>th</sup> Step When the patient is ready discontinue Naltrexone. At this time medication assisted treatment ends.